



九州是日本五大島嶼之一，它於本州的南部，民風樸素，大自然的環境，春天時欣賞櫻花，秋天時觀看紅葉，各有特式，當地的溫泉及火山甚為出名，重遊日本的你，九州是不可錯過的選擇 !!!

觀光：暢遊〔九州名勝點〕- 長崎，蝴蝶夫人故居，平和公園，熊本城，水前寺公園，宮崎，鬼之洗衣板，別府，血池地獄，龍卷地獄，阿蘇火山，草千里等名勝。

住宿：特別安排入住兩晚溫泉酒店，盡情享受正宗日式露天風呂。

導遊：經驗國粵英語導遊，令你可充份了解當地的文化與知識。

七天日本 九州觀光物語之旅

福岡,長崎,熊本,別府
(回程可選停香港,台北,曼谷,上海,北京,廣州,新加坡,漢城,越南)

團號: JTF7 出發日期: 4/20, 5/25, 6/22, 7/20, 8/24, 9/21
10/26, 11/23, 1/17, 2/14, 3/22



	精選行程	早餐	午餐	晚餐	酒店 (或同級)
第一天	原居地 → 東京 (日本)	-	✈	✈	-
第二天	成田 → 福岡 - 酒店 - 晚膳	✈	✈	✓	New Otani Hotel
第三天	長崎 - 蝴蝶夫人故居 - 平和公園 - 原子彈 - 資料館 - 熊本	✓	✓	✓	Verde Hotel (Onsen) Harutsyru Grand Hotel (Onsen)
第四天	熊本城 - 水前寺公園 - 宮崎 - 鬼之洗衣板 - 宮崎鶴戶神宮 - 宮崎購物街	✓	✓	-	Miyazaki Kanko Hotel (Onsen) Miyazaki Sheraton Hotel
第五天	隈壇吊橋 - 臼杵石佛群 - 別府 - 血池地獄 - 龍卷地獄	✓	✓	✓	Beppu Suginoi Hot Spring
第六天	朝日台 - 阿蘇火山 - 草千里 - 火山資料館 - 天神地下街	✓	✓	✓	New Otani Hotel
第七天	福岡 → 原居地或自選之東南亞城市	✓	✈	✈	-



精選景點

福岡 - 在九州內雖然不是面積最大的，但人口卻是最多的一個縣。是日本兩千年歷史中最值得誇耀的古都。

長崎 - 400年來長崎由一個不起眼的小漁村變成了一個富有異國情調的國際貿易港口。

蝴蝶夫人故居 - 建於1863年的蝴蝶夫人館，是普西尼的歌劇《蝴蝶夫人》的作者Thomas-Glover的故居。亦是日本的第一棟西式宅邸。它與園內其餘幾棟明治初期的房屋，顯示出其採用了日本和歐洲建築風格之獨特性。

平和公園 - 位於原子彈爆炸中心地的北側丘陵上，為祈求世界和平而建造的，園內綠意濃密。公園內這座青銅男性塑像，有其象徵意義，它的右手指天說明了從這裡落下之原子彈帶來了恐怖和威脅，平伸的左手象徵和平，而緊閉的雙眼表示對原爆受害及犧牲者的悼念與祈禱。

原子彈資料館 - 館內收藏了這場核爆的詳盡資料與遺物，其中包括了15萬名罹難者的相片、簡單的物品如瓶子及燒焦了的和服等，見證了當時的原爆是多麼的厲害。

熊本 - 於明治初期，由肥後國改名為熊本縣。有森〔Aso〕及天草〔Amakusa〕等自然風景地區，是熊本縣的觀光代表。

熊本城 - 為國家級的歷史名城，於1607年由加藤清正在茶臼山築成，城周圍長5.3公里，為黑白兩色調和的〔千島山形牆〕和彎曲有致的〔唐山形牆〕混合而成的桃山建築。據說曾經歷了神風連之變、西南之役等戰亂，因而更突顯其堅固壯觀之美。

水前寺公園 - 1632年細川忠利建造水前寺，園內有碧綠的草坪、輕石，再加上杉樹的襯托，整座庭園碧綠蒼翠。而這個庭園設計是模仿〔東海道五十

代從江戶到京都的東海道五十三個驛站〕的巧妙景緻而建造。

宮崎 - 古代稱為日向國，到18世紀的明治初期才被改名為宮崎。這座小小城市被認為是神話中日本皇族祖先 - 神武天皇的故鄉。

鬼之洗衣板 - 宮崎縣一帶的海邊岩石，長期受到強大的海浪衝擊及侵蝕，形成了一些樓梯形狀的波浪紋，這是水成岩的一種自然現象。由於其形狀酷似巨大的洗衣板，故又被稱為〔鬼之洗衣板〕。

宮崎鶴戶神宮 - 相傳鶴戶神宮〔Udo Shrine〕是日本第一代天皇 - 神武天皇父親之出生地。在鶴戶神宮山涯下的波浪中，有一龜形岩石，據說如能把開運石〔運王Untama〕投到龜背的凹陷處，許下的願望便能實現。

白杵石佛群 - 休閒清靜，一尊尊的石佛雕刻在山石上。善信男女常來參拜，祈求賜福。

別府血池地獄 - 池水溫度高達攝氏78度。由於從地底泉口噴出的粘土呈赤紅色，內含酸化鐵及鎂等礦物質，故此池水一片通紅。

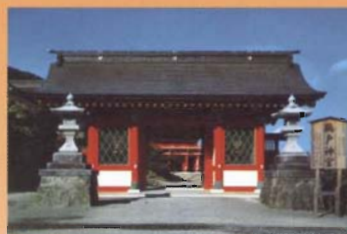
龍卷地獄 - 每30分鐘就噴出高7至8米泉水的熱泥溫泉。

阿蘇火山 - 堪稱世界第一的活火山，所謂的阿蘇登山活動，就是到此處參觀火山口濃煙翻滾的壯觀景象。因為是活火山，所以周圍分佈著許多避難壕。

草千里 - 直徑長達一公里的草原，形成一個像淺淺的大盤子，草原中央的水窪是個放牧地，夏日在此可領會放牧的情趣。



血池地獄



宮崎鶴戶神宮



平和公園



福岡



草千里





Features:

Kyushu is one of Japan's five large islands. Located in the south of Honshu. It is famous for its spring cherry blossoms, flaming autumn maple leaf, hot springs, volcanoes, beautiful natural scenery, and a simple, traditional way of life.

- ✓ Special 2 nights stay at hot spring resort hotels. Enjoy Japanese style indoor/outdoor hot spring pools.
- ✓ Sightseeing highlights: NAGASAKI - Thomas Glover House & Garden, whose wife is the inspiration for Puccini's Madam Butterfly, Peace Garden, KUMAMOTO - Kumamoto Castle, Suisenji Park, MIYAZAKI - Oninoida Beach, Beppu Blood Pond Hell, Geyser Hell, Aso Volcano, Kusasenri Meadow, etc.
- ✓ Experienced bilingual (English/Chinese) guides who is informed on all the local culture and history.

7 Days Japan Kyushu Deluxe Tour

Fukuoka, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Beppu

(Return Stopover: Hong Kong, Taipei, Bangkok, Shanghai, Beijing, Guangzhou, Singapore, Seoul, Vietnam)

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	ITINERARY	B	L	D	HOTEL (or similar)
Day 01	Hometown → Tokyo (Japan)	-	✈	✈	-
Day 02	Narita → Fukuoka - Hotel - Dinner	✈	✈	✓	New Otani Hotel
Day 03	Nagasaki - Thomas Glover Garden (Author of Madam Butterfly) - Peace Park - Atomic Museum - Kumamoto	✓	✓	✓	Verde Hotel (Onsen) Harutsuru Grand Hotel (Onsen)
Day 04	Kumamoto Castle - Suisenji Park - Miyazaki - Oninoida Beach - Udo Shrine - Tachibana Shopping street	✓	✓	-	Miyazaki Kanko Hotel (Onsen) Miyazaki Sheraton Hotel
Day 05	Utatenka Suspension Bridge - Usuki Sekibutsu (Stone statue) - Beppu - Blood Pond Hell - Geyser Hell	✓	✓	✓	Beppu Suginoi Hot Spring
Day 06	Asahidai (rest Center) - Volcano Aso - Kusasenri Meadow - Volcano Museum - Tenjin underground shopping arcade	✓	✓	✓	New Otani Hotel
Day 07	Fukuoka → Hometown / a selected Asian city	✓	✈	✈	-

SCENERY

Fukuoka - Fukuoka is one of the ancient cities of Japan, and one of the most populous in Kyushu state.

Nagasaki - For the past 400 years, Nagasaki has evolved from a small fishing village to an international harbor with a cosmopolitan air.

Thomas Glover House And Garden - This is the oldest wooden building of western design in Japan, built by a wealthy Scottish merchant, Thomas Blake Glover, in 1863. Mr. Glover's Japanese wife, who favored butterfly motif on her kimonos, is believed to have been the inspiration of the story "Madam Butterfly" on which the famous Puccini opera is based.

Peace Park - A memorial park located north of the site where the atomic bomb exploded, it is dedicated to world peace. The main statue of the park, the bronze Peace Memorial Statue, is a man with his right arm pointing to the sky to indicate the continued threat of nuclear destruction. The left arm is extended toward the horizon for world peace. The eyes are closed in remembrance of those who perished in the atomic holocaust.

Atomic Museum - On display are documents and items detailing the atomic bombing that devastated Nagasaki in 1945. These included the names and photos of the 150,000 people who perished; items such as burned kimonos, simple daily things such as bottles, etc.

Kumamoto - Historically the area was called Higo and was renamed Kumamoto during Meiji Restoration. The Aso and Amakusa natural scenic area is the most popular tourist attraction in Kumamoto prefecture.

Kumamoto Castle - Kumamoto Castle was constructed by the Kato Clan in 1607. The castle's circumference measures 5.3 km. The characteristic black and white color of the "thousand islands wall" and the "mountain wall" together gives the castle a very distinct profile. In 1877, the Kumamoto Castle became the site of Japan's last civil war, when an army of former samurai unsuccessfully rose against the new Meiji government.

Suisenji Park - Suisenji Garden was originally a temple grounds built by Tadatoshi Hosokawa, a third generation of Hosokawa Family who ruled Kumamoto. The landscaping is a replica of the famous 'Fifty-three Stages of Tokaido' (the old road from Tokyo to Kyoto). There are many fountains, a traditional tea house, and a Noh theater, all set amidst green lawns, birch trees, and interesting rock formations.

Miyazaki - In ancient times it was called Nihongo, was renamed Miyazaki during Meiji restoration. In Japanese culture, this small city is believed to be the ancestral village of Japan's first emperor, Jinmu.

Oninoida Beach - Also called the "washboards of Ghosts", this stone beach, located on the Nichinan Coast, is caused by eons of erosive action of sea waves on the stone, which has given it an appearance resembles that of a giant washboard.

Udo Shrine - This is believed birth place of the father of Emperor Jinmu, the first emperor of Japan. Below the shrine, amidst sea waves, is a stone resembles that of a giant turtle. According to legend, if one manages to throw a lucky stone (untama, available for purchase at the shrine) inside a rope circle on the stone turtle's back, one's wishes are granted.

Usuki Sekibutsu (Stone Statue) - Groups of stone Buddha statues carved on stony mountain side where believers come to worship and pray.

Beppu Blood Pond Hell - The temperature in the pond reaches 78 degree Celsius. The clay surrounding the mouth where the hot water gushes out is of a rusty red color, due to its oxidized iron content, which also gives the pond a dark red color.

Geyser Hell - Every 30 minutes, the geyser sprouts a 25 feet high column of muddy water

Volcano Aso - Perhaps the most active volcano in the world, popular with curious sightseers climbing up the mountain to watch thick smoke coming out the live volcano. Because of the inherent danger from the live volcano, the area is dotted with shelter trenches.

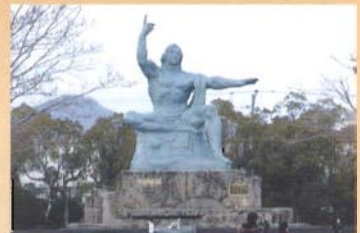
Kusasenri Meadow - Kusasenri is a grassy meadow in the flattened crater of an ancient volcano, and looks like a huge plate. There is a watering hole in the middle where livestock come to drink.



Blood Bond Hell



Udo Shrine



Peace Park



Fukuoka



Kusasenri Meadow

